### Where to go for more information

#### Contact the school

If you have any questions or concerns about the Prevent strategy and what it means for your child, please do not hesitate to <u>contact the</u> <u>school.</u>

#### See our policies

You will find more details about radicalisation in our <u>safeguarding policy</u>, <u>available on our</u> <u>website</u>.

We also have information about spiritual, moral, social and cultural development and British Values.

#### **External sources**

The following sources may also be useful for further information:

Revised prevent duty guidance for England and Wales, HM Government (Adobe pdf file) https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/atta chment\_data/file/445977/3799\_Revised\_Prevent\_Duty\_Guid ance\_England\_Wales\_V2-Interactive.pdf

The Prevent duty: advice for schools and childcare providers, GOV.UK – DfE (Adobe pdf file) https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/atta chment\_data/file/439598/prevent-duty-departmental-advicev6.pdf

What is Prevent? Let's Talk About It <a href="http://www.ltai.info/what-is-prevent/">http://www.ltai.info/what-is-prevent/</a>

# The Counter Terrorism and Security Act 2015 Statutory duties

# School Leaders (including Governors) must:

- Establish or use existing mechanisms for understanding the risk of extremism.
- Ensure staff understand the risk and build capabilities to deal with it
- Communicate and promote the importance of the duty
- Ensure staff implement the duty effectively

### Other duties on schools include:

- Effective partnership working with other local agencies, e.g. LSCB, policy, health etc
- Information sharing
- Maintaining appropriate records
- Assessing local risk of extremism (including Far Right extremism)
- Demonstrating they are protecting children
- Developing clear protocols for visiting speakers
- Safeguarding policies that take account of LSCB policies and procedures
- Training staff to give them knowledge and confidence
- Ensuring there are robust ICT protocols that filter out extremist materials
- School buildings must not be used to give a platform to extremists

### Bushey Heath Primary School

### **Prevent Strategy**

### A vibrant school inspiring children to realise their potential



### What is the Prevent strategy?

Prevent is a government strategy designed to stop people becoming terrorists or supporting terrorist or extremist causes.

The Prevent strategy covers all types of terrorism and extremism, including political and religious extremism.

## How does the Prevent strategy apply to schools?

All schools (as well as other organisations) have a duty to safeguard children from radicalisation and extremism.

This means schools have a responsibility to protect children from extremist and violent views, in the same way we protect them from drugs or gang violence.

Importantly, schools can provide a safe place for pupils to discuss these issues so that they better understand how to protect themselves.

### What does this mean in practice?

Different schools will carry out the Prevent duty in different ways, depending on the age of the children and the needs of the community.

Many of the things we already do in school to help children become positive, happy members of society also contribute to the Prevent strategy.

Include information about your school's approach here, for example:

- Exploring other cultures and religions and promoting diversity
- Challenging prejudices and racist comments
- Developing critical thinking skills and a strong, positive self-identity
- Promoting the spiritual, moral, social and cultural development of pupils, as well as British values such as democracy
- Protecting children from the risk of radicalisation, such as using filters on the internet or vetting visitors who come into school

### **KEY TERMS**

**Extremism** – vocal or active opposition to fundamental British values such as democracy, the rule of law and tolerance of different faiths and beliefs

Ideology - a set of beliefs

**Terrorism** – an action that endangers or causes serious violence to a person/people, causes serious damage to property, or seriously interferes or disrupts an electronic system, and is intended to advance a political, religious or ideological cause

Radicalisation - the process by which a person comes to support extremism and terrorism

### **Frequently Asked Questions**

### How does Prevent relate to British values?

Schools have been required to promote British values since 2014, and this will continue to be part of the response to the Prevent strategy.

British values include:

- Democracy
- The rule of law
- Individual liberty and mutual respect
- Tolerance of different faiths and beliefs

## Isn't my child too young to learn about extremism?

The Prevent strategy is not just about discussing extremism itself, which may not be appropriate for younger children. It is also about teaching children values such as tolerance and mutual respect.

Schools should make sure any discussions are suitable for the age and maturity of the children involved.

### Is extremism really a risk in our area?

Extremism can take many forms, including political, religious and ideological extremism. Some of these may be a bigger threat in our area than others.

The intention is to give children the skills to protect them from any extremist views they may encounter, now or later in their lives.